

SHOE FREE

3 PAIRS GIVEN AWAY FREE

to the 3 pupils of either the public or parochial school who form the greatest number of words from the line

THE RED SCHOOL HOUSE SHOE.

Begin Now—Lists must be in on or before Saturday, April 2.

Letters cannot be duplicated except as they appear in the five words.

THE "HUB" CLOTHING STORE
P. F. SEIBEL, Proprietor.

We Keep Our Promises.

This has been a busy week for us. Our special Sale, like all its predecessors drew large crowds of satisfied buyers. Why? Because we made no misrepresentations. When we advertise a \$2.00 article for \$1.50 or \$1.00 our customers know we mean what we say. This is as gratifying to us as to our patrons.

Next week we shall tell you of some Splendid Values in

New Goods.

SPAFFORD & COLE.



HARVEY VAN DINE.

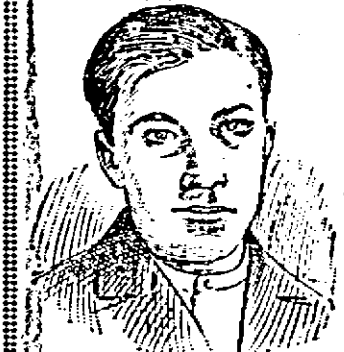
Edwards' attorneys, will be argued at that time. The verdict was reached early Saturday morning and reported into court at 10 o'clock. The specific offense which the trio have been charged with is the murder of Francis W. Stewart, a clerk at the Chicago City rail-



PETER NIEDERMEIER.

way car bars at State and Sixth streets, who was shot by Niedermeier the robbery of the bars on the morning of August 20.

The mothers and other relatives of the defendants were in court when the trial was read by Clerk John Cummings. Several of the relatives of the victims also were there. The trial as to Van Dine was read first, the bandit turned pale, his eyes opened in a wild stare, and he gripped the handle



GUSTAVE MARX.

his chair convulsively. Terror was written on his face. Mrs. Van Dine paled, she gave no other outward show of emotion. Niedermeier heard his fate with a usual composure. Not so his aged father, he seemed to shrink back into his seat, then rose and leaned over the back of a chair, his head bowed. During minutes she stood there, as though in stupor. Finally she was aroused, but vacillated against being taken away.

WIVES, MUR, PANAMA

Under direction of the council the committee on fire department closed the purchase of new hook and ladder truck last Friday evening. The new truck is to be of thoroughly up-to-date construction and equipped with approved extension ladders of 35 ft. and 25 ft. lengths together with short ladders, roof ladders and all necessary accessories. The Fire Extinguisher Mfg. Co. of Chicago, received the contract being considerably lower in price for standard equipment than competitors. The truck is to be delivered in sixty days subject to examination and approval. The old hand truck that has been in use for a dozen years or more has for some time been inadequate should any important demand arise but with the new complement of ladders and building in the city will be accessible from basement to roof.

Notice of Social Democratic Convention. Notice is hereby given that the convention to place in nomination the several candidates of the Social Democratic Party to be voted for at the municipal election to be held in the city of Rhinelander on April 3, 1904, will be held at J. N. White's Hall on Mason St., in the city of Rhinelander on March 23, 1904 at 8 p. m. Voting members of the S. D. P. are particularly requested to be present.

Notice of Social Democratic Convention. Notice is hereby given that the convention to place in nomination the several candidates of the Social Democratic Party to be voted for at the municipal election to be held in the city of Rhinelander on April 3, 1904, will be held at J. N. White's Hall on Mason St., in the city of Rhinelander on March 23, 1904 at 8 p. m. Voting members of the S. D. P. are particularly requested to be present.

Notice of Social Democratic Convention. Notice is hereby given that the convention to place in nomination the several candidates of the Social Democratic Party to be voted for at the municipal election to be held in the city of Rhinelander on April 3, 1904, will be held at J. N. White's Hall on Mason St., in the city of Rhinelander on March 23, 1904 at 8 p. m. Voting members of the S. D. P. are particularly requested to be present.

Squire's Health Improving.

H. F. Jilison of the Hotel Northern Monks, was in Rhinelander Tuesday. H. F. returned with his wife from Hot Springs, Arkansas, last Thursday after spending the better part of a month there and in St. Louis, Kansas City and Chicago. He reports having been with Ed. Squire while at Hot Springs and states that Ed. has greatly improved in health and is in better condition physically than he had seen him in years. He thinks most that Ed. will be in his old form when he shows up here three or four weeks hence which is glad news to Ed.'s many friends here.

Back From Mexico.

Mrs. T. B. McIntire, who has been spending the winter in Mexico, returned home Sunday morning. She visited the city of Mexico and other points of interest, but a considerable portion of the time was passed with Mr. McIntire on a coffee plantation near the eastern coast in the state of Vera Cruz. In that locality are a number of plantations in which Wisconsin people are interested. Mrs. McIntire brought with her many curious bits of work wrought by the native Indians and Mexicans.

DOINGS AT HIGH SCHOOL

Great Preparations are Being Made For The Junior Class Play to be Given at the Opera House Friday.

The Junior class of the High School will present the farcical comedy entitled "The Great Plummer Breach of Promise Case." This play deals with the trial of a young dandy who is sued by the object of his former affection. The witty sayings of the witnesses together with the frantic efforts of the bailiff to maintain order are very amusing. In addition to the play which lasts one hour, several choruses will give selections most prominent among these is the Florida waltz, which made a great hit at last year's graduation exercises. The choruses will hold the center of the stage in this attraction. If a first-class entertainment is looked for see this at the opera house Friday, March 18. Tickets 15 and 25c.

At a meeting of all those interested in athletics Thursday last it was practically decided without debate that track athletics was the only feasible form of athletics which our boys could take part in, since nearly all other neighboring schools have adopted this for the coming spring. After a decidedly close election Arthur Langdon was elected captain on the formal ballot. In this selection the boys have made a wise choice both from the standpoint of athletic ability and good scholarship—the two essential qualities of a good athlete. That Arthur will endeavor to have our school turn out a star aggregation of athletes is needless to say. About 25 have signified their intention of competing in the several events a large number seem to be partial to the distance runs, the department in which we supposed ourselves weak. A 12 foot pole and discus have been ordered together with a large number of running suits and shoes. The boys contemplate sending a team to the Northern Wisconsin interscholastic meet at Appleton to compete for the Jones trophy in May. The financial management of the team will rest with the Boys' Literary and Athletic Society.

The following program was given at the meeting of the Literary Society Monday. Current Events, Laurence McCormick; The New Secretary of War, Roy White; Talk on Socialism, Prof. Lowell. The standard of the program as a whole was much above the average. The literary department of the society will hold its final meeting devoted to literary work next Monday.

We notice the ad. of the Hub clothing store in this issue, announcing a contest in which the three pupils from the public and parochial schools, who form the most words out of the words "The red school house shoe" before April 2nd will be presented with a pair of the above named shoes. Here's a chance to earn your summer shoes.

Now let Antigo boast of their Athletic prowess. We have a field meet at Antigo to our credit and as there has been a continual call for a basketball game, a branch of athletics in which we took no part, we will satisfy their ambitions at the earliest possible leisure.

Several changes in the program of recitations were made Tuesday, as the algebra class taught by Miss Wiers was conflicted with other work. The first year's students having finished Physical Geography have taken up botany.

The English literature class will take a final examination at the close of the term.

The Medieval history class are now studying the French revolution. A literary program was carried out in the main room last Friday.

Mr. Lowell's class in geometry have already taken up solid geometry.

D. M. Hyde was up from Appleton Saturday.

THE OPERA "PINAFORE"

Home Talent Production of the Above Play at the Grand Thursday Night Pleased All.

The expectations of those lovers of music who have looked forward to the opera "Pinafore" for many weeks past were realized last Thursday night when the play was put on at the opera house by a company of forty of our musically inclined people under the direction of Prof. H. G. Field.

As a general thing those who attend a home talent play go there with the full expectation of overlooking all shortcomings because of their acquaintance with the players, and a spirit of "doing unto others as you would they should do unto you," but at this particular performance every body got their money's worth.

The opening scene surprised the audience and the singing was pleasing to the ear. The solo work of Mrs. P. C. Sawtell, Miss Helen Alban, D. H. Walker, Arthur Hart, T. L. LaDoux, Milan Sutliff and Roy Wilson was especially well handled and the choruses were a revelation to the majority of those in attendance.

The costumes for the production had been procured in Chicago and their appearance on those taking part was most gratifying. Especially rich were the costumes of "Capt. Corcoran" (D. H. Walker) and "Sir Joseph Porter" (Roy Wilson). Each had plenty of gold braid to mark his respective rank. R. J. LaSelle, who took the part of a Sergeant of Marines wore a red uniform and knee boots that caused him to appear to the best of advantage, as against the background of blue and white of the sailors and the ladies. T. L. LaDoux as "Dick Dadaeye," had a make-up on that did his part to perfection and it may be said right here that Mr. LaDoux's characterization of the one-eyed Dick was a No. 1. His efforts could not well have been improved upon. T. L. was a favorite with the audience.

Miss Mary McQueen presided at the piano and gave splendid satisfaction as an accompanist throughout the performance.

Owing to the splendid attendance on the opening night it was decided to repeat the performance Friday night and it was put on again and well patronized.

There is some talk of presenting the opera at Cranston in the near future and we can assure the people of that city that Pinafore as presented under Prof. Field's direction will please.

Fish Laws are Strict.

According to the game laws of Wisconsin, the closed season begins March 1 and continues until May 25, except that trout may be taken from April 15 to September 1.

The section of the game law which governs the taking and shipping of game fish in section 8 of chapter 37 and is found in paragraph 37, page 29, of the game laws of Wisconsin. It reads as follows:

"It shall be unlawful for any person to kill, capture or take by any device whatever, or in any manner in any of the inland waters of the state any black, Oswego or yellow bass, muskallonge, pike, sturgeon, or pickerel between the 1st day of March and the 25th day of May, next succeeding.

"It shall be unlawful to sell or offer for sale or ship during the general closed season for fishing as prescribed in this section (same being between March 1 and May 25 next succeeding), any black, Oswego or yellow bass, muskallonge, pike, sturgeon or pickerel taken from the inland waters of this state. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$10 nor more than \$25, or by imprisonment in the county jail not less than ten days, in the discretion of court."

Hard For Blocking a Crossing.

A North-Western freight conductor was recently arrested and heavily fined at Escanaba, Mich., for allowing his train to block a crossing over fifteen minutes. The writer has in mind an instance where a North-Western train held the Peshawar street crossing in this city only a few mornings ago, making it impossible for teams or pedestrians to cross for fifteen minutes. Among those delayed was a well known physician who was in a hurry to reach a patient. There is a city ordinance against such occurrences and the officials of the law should see that it is lived up to. A few fines imposed against offending trainmen would put a stop to the nuisance.

A Narrow Escape.

Dan Graham, agent for the Blue Grass Land Co. at Eagle River, recently experienced a thrilling escape from drowning while driving across a lake near Minoqua. Graham and a driver occupied a sleigh drawn by a team of horses from a Minoqua livery stable. While in the middle of the lake a weak spot in the ice was encountered and the animals broke through. In his efforts to save them Graham was drawn through the ice also and but for the timely assistance of the driver would have sunk below the surface. The horses were drowned.

Only sixteen more days remain in Lent.

LAY SERMON.

I was glad when they said unto me, let us go into the house of the Lord. Psalm 122:1 "Go to church. This is not one of the original commandments, not even original with me. But it indicates a line of conduct easily deducible from the Decalogue.

It is fair and just to presume that church members sincerely desire that the greatest possible good shall be accomplished by their chosen organizations. It is a logical conclusion that, when one makes a choice of a church, he does so for reasons that satisfy his judgment and conscience. The reasons which prompt men in this vital act are many, and vary according to individualism. Some choose a particular church because there they feel most at home; some for social prestige; some for the glamour of wealth; some because they can find more and better opportunities there for doing good to others as well as to themselves. Without passing upon the legitimacy to these various motives, we conclude that church members intend to be consistent in helping to accomplish the objects thus implicitly avowed. But they fail to do it. Often, in places where there are the greatest proportionate number of churches, there is relatively the least church attendance. To point out the inconsistency of such action, or rather non-action, seems like trying to demonstrate an axiom. The cohesion, strength and success of every organization depend upon the force and efficiency of its units. Its weakness will be in proportion to the number of units which fail to perform their functions. This is axiomatic. That the success of a church depends largely upon the loyalty and faith of its adherents is a proposition which demonstrates itself to the most simple comprehension. If so, then church attendance becomes an obligation, a duty which cannot be safely ignored. Yet no duty is more neglected than this. Everywhere are empty church pews notwithstanding there are members enough to fill them to overflowing. Preachers arise in their pulpits and with sinking hearts look down on vacant seats where there should be eager hearers and faithful workers.

Why is it? The question is a puzzle. The one predominant, universal reason for going to church is duty. Against this is arrayed a multitude of reasons, excuses, subtleties, which, to recite and define, would require a good sized lexicon. Some are too tired when Sunday comes. But sitting in church for an hour will rest you as much as sitting at home reading your Sunday paper. Change is rest. The pedestrian, after toiling up the hill, runs down the other side and thus rests himself by a change in the location of muscular strain. The worker, either with mind or muscle, finds rest in reading and hearing. There is no more restful place than a church.

Some are deterred by stress of weather, cold or hot. Yet the warning elements failed to keep them from the show the other night. They had bought their tickets and felt it a sacred duty to get their money's worth. Well, here is a slight analogy. They have bought and partially paid for their tickets to the New Jerusalem. Better keep them good if they want to pass through the Golden Gate.

Some stay away because the preaching is not up to their literary standards. Now it is my experience that there is something to be learned even from the most ordinary sermon. If there were no other lesson it would be worth while attending merely to demonstrate how much better you could do it yourself. But as there are "sermons in stones, books in the running brooks," so you can learn something from a sermon having all the earmarks of literary. There is sure to be some genuine feeling, some tender expression, some yearning for better and higher things which will find a response in the hearer and give new impetus to spiritual life.

Others refrain because the preaching is over their heads. Well, suppose it is sometimes. What of it? We cannot all be away up in scholarship, in fact few of us are. But we can all appreciate it, and understand how scholarship fits a preacher for his work if he knows how to apply his learning. But you are mistaken in the assumption that the preaching of the learned is above your head. If it were, the only effect should be to stimulate us to the more frequent consultation of the dictionary. But in fact preaching seldom is beyond our comprehension. The most scholarly preacher, assuming that he is in earnest, absorbed in his divine mission, is generally the most direct and simple. And even if he should sometimes use language which defies our comprehension, there will always be plenty of expressions which appeal to feelings and knowledge and sentiments common to us all. In the exhortation of the unlearned preacher and the sermon of the scholar the attentive listener shall find something to arouse thought, excite reflection and lift him above this so-called life. Religious services are full of suggestion. In hymn and prayer

(Continued on Fourth Page)

DRUGS, MEDICINES
AND CHEMICALS.
Sponges, Syringes, Soaps, Combs and Brushes,
PERFUMERY, FANCY AND TOILET ARTICLES, ETC.
PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY AND ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED.
F. E. KRETLOW, Pharmacist.

At Clearing Up Prices.
FIRST COME, FIRST SERVED.
We have a few cutters left, also two or three heating stoves which we will close out at your own figures in order to make room for the new goods which are down on the way here. We have many bargains.
LEWIS HARDWARE CO.

IS AFTER THE POLE

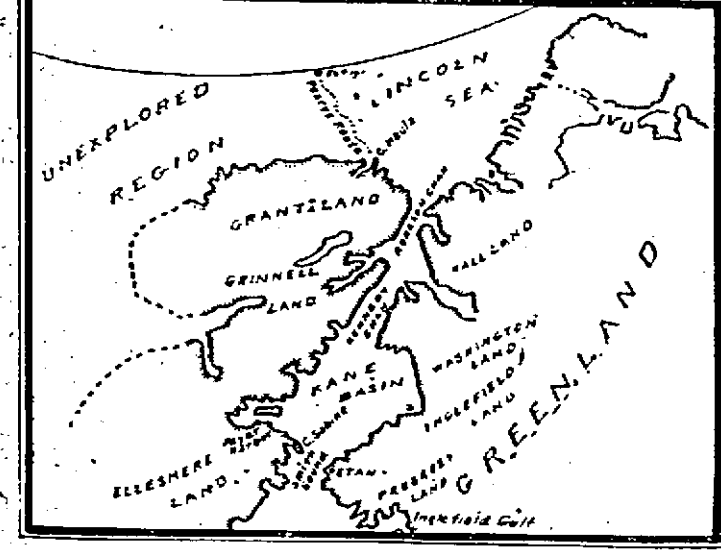
PEARY TO MAKE HIS FIFTH EXPEDITION TO THE NORTH.

PREPARING VERY CAREFULLY

Confident That He Will Succeed This Time—Something About His Former Expeditions to the Land of Ice.

COMMANDER ROBERT E. PEARY, of the United States navy, who already has made four attempts to reach the north pole and plant the Stars and Stripes upon the spot which scientists tell us is cut by the axis of the earth's rotation, is making careful preparations for a fifth expedition into the frozen north, and this time the intrepid and persistent explorer expects to win the prize which has tempted so many to risk life and endure every hardship and peril to gain. Commander Peary proposes to sail next July, fix his permanent base at Cape Sabine, push on to winter quarters on the northern coast of Greenland at Cape Hecla, and make the dash for the pole in February of next year, a month earlier than upon previous expeditions. It is said that the German anti-aircraft exploring steamer, the Gauss, whose machinery and structure have proved excellently adapted to polar ice, may be purchased for Peary's expedition.

The secret of Commander Peary's incomparable purpose to reach the pole is revealed in the preface to his book de-



MAP SHOWING LIEUT. PEARY'S FORMER EXPLORATIONS.

scribing his first journeys into the polar regions when he says: "The constant incentive in my work has been an incredible feeling, that I saw something before me worthy and possible of accomplishment, and that I could never have content until it was done, or that I had satisfied myself that I was not the one to do it." And the preparations which Peary is making for a fifth try for the pole is proof that he still believes that the pole can be reached and that there is no good reason that he should not be the one to win the prize. In fact, every successive expedition which the commander has made has strengthened his convictions that the pole can be reached, and that conditions



PLANTING THE STARS AND STRIPES AT PEARY'S FARTHEST NORTH.

for the pole, he is the one who can

Peary made a summer voyage to the coast of the Greenland island, and it was preliminary to the Arctic work which Mr. Peary has undertaken. The first expedition was made in 1911-12, and consumed 12 months of time in northern Greenland. The second journey was made across the ice in 1913, and the crowning achievement of the expedition was the discovery of the insularity of the North Pole.

MAKING PRECIOUS STONES

Rudolph Blatt, a chemist and expert on precious stones, is reported to have invented a process for the fusing of particles of ruby, known as ruby stones, into stones of a commercial value. The stones which he has produced have received considerable attention from local geologists and are being marketed. He selects, says a New York Commercial, from the most rich, genuine ruby particles from all colors and qualities and places upon the top of a U-shaped platinum cone. He then applies the heat, which is forced on the ruby with an air pressure of 13 pounds. As the chip is fused he adds other chips until he

The third trip, or rather trips, for 1916 and 1917 saw Commander Peary making summer trips to Meteorite Island, was devoted to the securing of the meteorites previously discovered. One meteorite called the "Woman," and weighing 3,500 pounds, and another the "Dog," somewhat smaller, were successfully placed on board the Kite and brought back home. Peary, in the following year (1917), returned and, after tremendous and marvelous skill, succeeded in bringing down to the shore and placing upon the Hope the 90-ton meteorite called the "Text," because of its peculiar shape.

Peary returned from his fourth expedition to Greenland and his attempt to reach the pole in 1912, and still believes in the Smith sound route. There are two routes, the Franz Josef Land route and the Behring strait route, and although in 1902 there were various polar expeditions from the different routes, the vexed question as to the best route was not settled. Mr. Evelyn R. Baldwin, whose elaborately equipped and expensive expedition set out to gain the pole by way of Franz Josef Land, failed. It is said, because of bad material in the party and owing to insufficient equipment. The trouble growing out of the abortive attempt, and the dissatisfaction of Mr. Zeigler, who furnished the funds for the expedition, are still fresh in the public mind.

The only explorer who returned in 1902 with valuable discoveries was Capt. Otto Sverdrup, who was commander of the Fram during Nansen's drift across the Arctic ocean in 1933-35, and who had set forth in the same vessel in 1893 to make explorations in Greenland waters. Peary, as we have said, still believes in the Smith sound route, and will try for the pole again from that direction. In his "dash for the pole" in 1902 he found himself unable to proceed beyond latitude 81 degrees and 17 minutes, mainly

because of men and delay in starting across the sea ice, due to the fact that his headquarters were too far south of the Polar ocean. Nansen had previously reached 86 degrees and 16 minutes north latitude, and Duke of Abruzzi 86 degrees, 34 minutes, so that there are two explorers who have penetrated farther north than Peary. The latter spent the winter of 1901-02 at Payer Harbor, near Cape Sabine. On March 2, 1902, an advance party of six sledges, under the command of Mr. Peary's colored servant, Matt Henson, started to transport provisions to Fort Conger, and on the sixth 15 more sledges left Cape Sabine. From Fort Conger it was necessary to carry supplies to the edge of the ocean at Cape Hecla, and thus a difficult preliminary journey of more than 400 miles had to be accomplished before the expedition could leave the land—a journey that would have been unnecessary had the expedition carried a party strong enough to establish a headquarters at the limit of solid land.

On April 1, with Henson, four Eskimos and six sledges, the leader set forth over the rough ice of the Polar sea. After 15 days, confronted by small floes, of which the edges were crumpled into mounds sometimes 50 feet high by the pressure of the pack, he was forced to abandon further advance. He reached Cape Hecla on April 21 and continued to Cape Sabine, where he arrived on April 23. The auxiliary steamer Windward, carrying Mrs. Peary and her daughter, Marie, and a young boy, who was born in the frozen north during the expedition of 1893, reached Payer Harbor on August 5, took off the explorer and his party and made toward home.

The plans to reach the pole in the future, as announced by Mr. Peary, are an evolution of schemes put forward at different times by various explorers, namely:

1. A headquarters on the northeast coast of Greenland, supported by a line of caches down to the limit of regular navigation; a large supporting party to replenish the supplies of the caches and of the headquarters; and a dash with a light party over the ice floes. The new features of Mr. Peary's plan are all right pioneer party to go in advance of the main party, for the purpose of mapping out a route, and the use of Eskimos in the preliminary work. In fact, the expedition has in mind the redistribution of the entire tribe of White sound Eskimos in a series of settlements extending from Cape Sabine in the south to Cape Hecla, the proposed point of departure for the "dash for the pole."

With plans carefully laid, and Commander Peary's long experience in Arctic exploration to overcome the difficulties, there is reason to hope and expect that he will reach the goal of his ambition, if it is possible for man to reach the pole at all.

Church—You can't tell what's in a man until he's tried by fire.

Gothen—The same thing can be said of a clear.—Yonkers Statesman.

WISCONSIN STATE NEWS.

Extra Session Not Necessary.
In a long statement given out at the capitol here, Gov. La Follette says that an extra session of the legislature at this time is unnecessary and would entail needless expense. The capitol improvement commission, created by a law enacted last winter, has, he says, decided to procure plans for a new building, which would be all the legislature could do if called together at this time. When the plans are prepared, he says, they will be laid before the legislature. The governor says the damage will not exceed \$250,000, and that a leading contractor of the state has offered to restore the building in better condition than it was before the fire for \$250,000. He says the cause of the fire is unknown.

Blow Up His Horse.
John Egbert, a farmer at Center, failing to get neighbors to shoot an old horse which was useless, and not daring to do it himself, tied dynamite around the horse's neck and took the animal to a field. After attaching the explosive he touched off the fuse and started to run. The horse started to follow. Egbert had not thought of this and was terrified, expecting to be blown up any moment. He reached a wire fence in his wild scramble, crawled through it and ran about two rods, when he heard a terrific explosion. Looking back he saw no horse and no fence and the ground was torn up for yards around.

State Expenditures.

The total expenditures at the state charitable and penal institutions last month were \$5,453.22, divided as follows:

State prison, Waupun.....	\$12,253.15
Northern hospital, Oshkosh.....	11,944.25
State hospital, Madison.....	11,250.10
Home for the feeble-minded, Chicago.....	7,212.11
Industrial school for boys, Wauchesa.....	2,233.95
School for deaf, Wauchesa.....	1,513.25
State reformatory for girls, Joliet.....	1,215.40
State public school, Springfield.....	1,215.40
School for blind, Janesville.....	1,215.40
Total.....	\$5,453.22

Shot by a Woman.

A duel between a man and a woman was fought in Marshfield and George Spang was at the point of death with a bullet in his head. Mrs. Elizabeth Pherl, his divorced wife, inflicted the wound. According to the police, Spang went to the woman's house while she was alone, and fired a shot at her through the window, and followed it up by breaking open the door. The woman armed herself, and there was an exchange of shots. The woman was not injured.

Young Woman Killed.

While returning with a group of young people from a wedding in Oconomowoc, Miss Ida Kropp, aged 20, was struck and killed by a Milwaukee train, and her sister Annie and Herman Raasch were seriously injured. The party had stopped off the track to allow a fast mail train to pass, and stepped on another track, stepping directly in front of a freight train.

Charged with Murder.

Anton Steink was arrested in Ashland, charged with the murder of John Demomle, an Indian. During a saloon room Steink, it is alleged, shot Demomle in the arm. Blood poisoning developed, and Demomle's right arm was amputated in the hope of saving his life. This was futile, and Demomle died. His brother was shot at Oconomowoc last August.

The News Condensed.

Two Wisconsin Central freight trains came together head-on between Hewitt and Auburndale, and three trainmen were killed and another fatally injured. Fireman Kelly and brakeman Bert McCarty, who were killed, lived in North Fond du Lac.

The Oconto county fair will be held at Oconto on August 29 September 2.

Machinery manufacturers of Milwaukee will make an effort this year to re-establish the piece work system in their shops.

Mrs. Clarence Laird, wife of a reputable citizen at Baraboo, eloped with N. Ashley. Mrs. Laird is the mother of four children. Ashley is the father of 12 children.

The Werneck & Schmitz business block was destroyed by fire at Manitowish, entailing a loss of about \$20,000.

Dr. Anton F. Blochl, health officer, died at Sheboygan, aged 26 years.

Carroll G. Pearce, of Oshkosh, Neb., has been elected superintendent of schools in Milwaukee.

The marriage of Joseph Bococia, an Italian boy, 14 years old, and a girl of 12, Alvina Romaglia, caused a sensation in the Italian settlement at the Himekias at Marshfield.

Heineck & Patterson's store at North Bend was held up by one man and \$300 was taken from the cash drawer.

Twenty-one zinc concentrating mills have been built in southwestern Wisconsin during the past two years, 17 of which are now in operation.

James Cawley, the oldest resident in the county, died in Racine. Had Mr. Cawley lived until April 20 he would have been 101 years old.

Max Kaufman, a young farmer of Houston county, Minn., with his horse, was drowned while crossing the Mississippi river at La Crosse.

Herman Arnold, aged 43 years, who lived alone in a house on the farm of his brother, August Arnold, four miles north of Sheboygan Falls, was struck by lightning and killed.

Six people were bitten by a supposedly mad dog in Milwaukee. The dog was killed.

Herman Polaski, of Calumet Rock, may die as the result of an assault by two masked men on his wedding day.

James Whitely, who served four years under Gen. Brady in the Iron brigade, died in Baraboo, aged 41 years. He lost a leg in the battle of the Wilderness.

Louis Johnson, a well known business man, has been appointed collector of customs for the port of Racine in place of Carlton Hall, resigned.

The Rev. Francis Horwath, a Methodist minister of the Palmyra circuit, died at Siloam from typhoid pneumonia. He had lived in the state 20 years.

Joseph Sullivan, a Menominee Indian 27 years old, is in jail at Keshena, charged with having killed his wife.

The Milwaukee common council has passed an anti-splitting ordinance, making the offense punishable by a fine of five dollars or ten days' imprisonment.

DOOMED TO THE GALLOWS.

Jury Convicts Trio of Murderers in Chicago, and Fixes Death Penalty.

Chicago, March 14.—The penalty of death was decreed by the jury for Peter Neidermeier, Gustav Marx and Harvey Van Dine, the car barn vandals. Judge Kersten sent Saturday probably will name the date of their execution. The motion for a new trial, made by the defendants' attorneys, will be argued at that time. The verdict was reached early Saturday morning and reported into court at 10 o'clock. The specific offense for which the trio have been sentenced to death is the murder of Francis W. Stewart, a clerk at the Chicago City rail-



HARVEY VAN DINE.

roads' attorneys, will be argued at that time. The verdict was reached early Saturday morning and reported into court at 10 o'clock. The specific offense for which the trio have been sentenced to death is the murder of Francis W. Stewart, a clerk at the Chicago City rail-



PETER NEIDERMEIER.

way car barns at State and Sixty-first streets, who was shot by Neidermeier in the robbery of the barns on the morning of August 20.

The mothers and other relatives of the defendants were in court when the verdict was read by Clerk John Cummings. Several of the relatives of the landlady victims also were there. The verdict as to Van Dine was read first. The banister turned pale, his eyes opened in a wild stare, and he gripped the handle



GUSTAV MARX.

of his chair convulsively. Terror was written on his face. Mrs. Van Dine paled, but gave no outward show of emotion. Neidermeier heard his fate with his usual nonchalance. Not so his aged mother; she seemed to shrink back into the seat, then rose and leaned over the back of a chair, her head bowed. During 20 minutes she stood there, as though in a stupor. Finally she was aroused, but protested against being taken away.

GIVES UP PANAMA.

Colombia Abandons Effort to Recover Seized Territory—Troops Returning.

Panama, March 14.—The French steamer arriving at Colon brings news that the Colombian government has definitely desisted from the movement to recover its lost territory of Panama, and has prohibited further attempts to attack the Panama frontier. Nine hundred Colombian soldiers now returning to Bogotá and several Colombian officers from Cartagena have arrived at Colon, probably on the way to Cauca.

Town Recaptured.

San Domingo, March 14.—After severe fighting which lasted for two days San Pedro de Macoris has been recaptured by government forces. President Morales returned here Saturday night from San Pedro, leaving Luis Tejeda to act as governor of the town. The rebel leader Rodriguez escaped. Many men were killed or wounded on both sides during the fighting.

Makes an Emphatic Denial.

Washington, March 14.—Jacob Fisher, postmaster at Hastings, Neb., flatly contradicted in the Dietrich investigation Saturday several statements that had been made by Jacob Hahn, his predecessor in office. Among these was the statement that Fisher had asked Hahn what the office paid. Fisher also emphatically denied that he had asked Hahn to consult a lawyer for him to ascertain whether he would have to pay a note he might give to Senator Dietrich to secure the appointment. "No note was given," said Fisher.

Strange Gifts for the President.

Boston, March 14.—On the steamer Lowther Castle, which arrived Saturday from the far east with a million-dollar cargo, were two wild animals, a young lion and a hyena, for President Roosevelt from King Mowlek, of Abyssinia. The lion also sent to the president a pair of elephant tusks valued at \$2,000.

New Head of Butler College.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 14.—Dr. W. E. Garrison, of St. Louis, editor of the Christian Evangelist, has been elected president of Butler college, to succeed Dr. Scott Butler.

THE SMOOT CASE.

Senate Committee Continues Investigation—Women to Take a Hand.

Washington, March 10.—The seventh day of the hearings in the Senator Smoot case was opened before the senate committee on privileges and elections Wednesday by Attorney Taylor, for the prosecution, recalling President Joseph F. Smith, of the Mormon church, to the stand. Mr. Smith was questioned as to the interview he gave to a representative of the press in 1902, giving statistics in regard to the church and the number of polygamists in Utah. Mr. Smith had said nothing for the purpose of supporting the candidacy of Reed Smoot for the United States senate. Upon hearing the interview read, Mr. Smith admitted he had been quoted correctly in regard to Mr. Smoot and had urged his election.

Washington, March 11.—Former United States attorney for Utah, E. B. Critchlow, reviewed before the Smoot committee Thursday the subjugation of Moses Thatcher by the Mormon church, and his defeat for the United States senate by the church. The testimony was made a part of the Smoot inquiry record, to show the dictatorial power the church exerts in politics.

Washington, March 12.—Attorney Critchlow Friday continued his testimony that the Mormon church uses ostracism to enforce absolute obedience in all things, business and political. Many women, representing organizations interested in the contest against Mr. Smoot, arrived in Washington Friday for the purpose of perfecting their plans and waging a more effective contest. They attended the sessions of the committee, and before and after the hearings met in committee rooms and discussed the progress made.

DIES OF BLOOD POISONING.

Slight Injury to Congressman Croft, of South Carolina, Several Weeks Ago Results Fatally.

Washington, March 11.—Representative George W. Croft, of Allen, S. C., died at his home in this city Thursday of blood poisoning. Mr. Croft had been ill for over six weeks as the result of an injury caused by a splinter in his thumb, from which blood poisoning resulted. Dr. Croft, a brother, was summoned from Allen, but the efforts of himself and the local physicians with whom he consulted proved unavailing. His heart also became seriously affected, and all hope of his recovery was abandoned Wednesday. Mr. Croft was 57 years old. He leaves six sons. He was a democrat, and was serving his first term in congress. He had twice been elected president of the South Carolina State Bar association and had served in both houses of the state legislature.

SEEKS A DIVORCE.

Col. William F. Cody ("Buffalo Bill") Charges His Wife with Cruelty.

Denver, Col., March 12.—A petition for divorce filed in the district court of Big Horn county, Wyo., January 9 last by Col. William F. Cody ("Buffalo Bill"), has just been made public. The complaint charges cruelty and alleges that on December 26, 1909, Mrs. Cody attempted to poison the plaintiff. Another ground on which plaintiff asks a decree is that the marital relation has been intolerable to him by his wife's refusal to entertain his friends at his former home at North Platte, Neb. Mrs. Cody, who is at North Platte, denies her husband's charges and will contest the suit. Col. and Mrs. Cody were married at St. Louis March 6, 1898.

Missouri Murderer Hanged.

St. Joseph, Mo., March 12.—Mark Dunn was hanged here at 10:40 Friday. Dunn went to the scaffold attended by Rev. N. M. Goodie, of the Christian church. Doctors had examined him and said his condition was such that there was no reason why the execution should not proceed. The result was telegraphed Gov. Dockery, and he said he would not interfere. On the scaffold Dunn made a statement charging that his conviction was the result of a conspiracy and that Fenton was shot by a man named by Fisher. Dunn's neck was broken by the drop.

Dietrich Inquiry Begins.

Washington, March 12.—The senatorial inquiry into the charges against Senator Dietrich, of Nebraska, began Friday before the special committee in Senator Hoar's committee room. The inquiry, which was instituted upon the demand of Senator Dietrich, is for the purpose of probing the charges on which the senator was indicted in Nebraska, and which were dismissed on demurrer.

Governor Signs Bill.

Baltimore, Md., March 12.—Gov. Warfield Friday signed the burnt district commission bill, and there will now be no obstacle in the way of a speedy rebuilding of the 50 blocks that were destroyed in the recent conflagration.

Barred from the Sidewalks.

Johannesburg, March 12.—Yielding to the pressure of public opinion, the commissioner of police has prohibited the colored persons, including coolies, from using the sidewalks of Johannesburg. The better class of colored persons are exempted from this ruling.

Well-Known Fraternalist Dead.

Rock Island, Ill., March 12.—John W. White, head attorney of the modern woodmen, is dead at his home here. The cause was Bright's disease. He was 51 years old. Mr. White has been identified with the woodmen since 1890.

Fatal Fight of Neighbors.

Valden, Miss., March 9.—News reached here that in a fight between Aaron Stewart and son on one side and W. W. Hill and two sons on the other, the Stewarts shot and killed W. W. Hill and his son, John Hill, and seriously wounded Hunter Hill.

Massacres Reported.

Rome, March 9.—The Agenzia Libera Tuesday reports that a number of Chinese and Japanese have been massacred in the Vladivostok district. The Japanese government is said to have entered a protest against the acts.

TRAPPED BY TREATY

WHY RUSSIA'S BLACK SEA FLEET IS LOCKED IN.

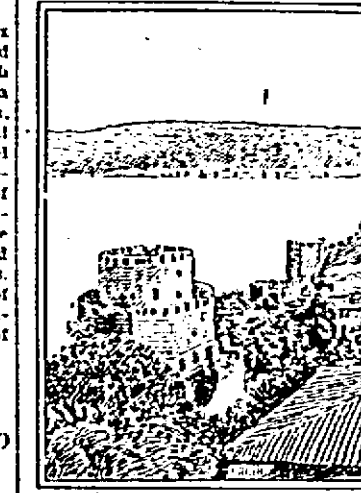
ALL EUROPE IS INTERESTED

Every Great Continental Power a Party to the Treaty That Keeps the Dardanelles Closed Against Warships.

THE key that has seemingly so effectively locked the doors against Russia's Black Sea fleet, and now prevents it taking any active part in the war game in the far east, was the treaty of Paris, signed March 20, 1856, and which marked the close of the bloody Crimean war in which England and France, as allies of Turkey, had given the ambitious house of Romanoff a set-back from which it never fully recovered.

The closing of the Dardanelles was a stipulation practically demanded by Russia at this time. Though Turkey had virtually kept them closed to the nations of the world when it was her interest to do so, Russia had found that the Turkish fortifications offered no resistance to Turkey's allies, and England's navy had played sad havoc with Russian coast cities. The same treaty provided for the demilitarization of the Black sea, leaving the nation virtually defenseless against any invading force which might be able to attack her in this weak spot, as Turkey was liable to do at any time.

The peace of San Stefano, signed March 2, 1878, and which marked the close of the Russo-Turkish war of 1877, and the secret understanding in reference to the passage of the Dardanelles forced upon the defeated sultan by the czar, would have virtually undone all that was accomplished by the earlier treaty had not England opposed the settlement between the two countries and insisted upon a congress of statesmen representing the European nations to pass judgment upon the peace treaty. England went so far at



THE "CASTLE OF EUROPE" ON THE DARDANELLES.

this time as to threaten war upon Russia unless these demands were complied with, and for a time it seemed as though all Europe would become entangled in one great contest. Russia, seeing herself far outclassed in fighting strength by the combinations formed against her, finally consented to the calling of a congress, and it met at Berlin on June 13, 1878, with Prince Bismarck as president. The congress settled the many vexed problems confronting Europe at that time, and among other things left the Dardanelles closed. It was during the sessions of this congress that the completion of a treaty of alliance between England and Turkey was announced, an announcement which played a prominent part in the settlement of the Dardanelles question before the congress.

As this congress was participated in by all of the great powers of Europe and as all were parties to the treaty concluded there, the passage of the Black Sea fleet through the Dardanelles even with the consent of Turkey would be an affront to every nation of Europe if they wished to consider it such. That England would oppose it, even to the extent of a declaration of war, there can be but little doubt, for it would confront her with a new danger for her possessions in India and the Mediterranean.

The narrow straits which connect the Mediterranean with the Sea of Marmara and the Black sea have played a prominent part in the history of Europe from the earliest times. Xerxes, with an army estimated by historians at more than 5,000,000, including camp followers, crossed the straits on a bridge of boats at the time of his disastrous campaign against the Greeks, 480 B. C. All the land invasions of Europe by the Asiatics necessarily followed the same route.

The straits were not fortified until the reign of Mehmet IV, in 1633, under whose direction there was built the castles of Sedos and Abydos on opposite shores. The building of these castles virtually marked the closing of

the straits to the commerce and the navies of the world, excepting at the will of Turkey, until the treaty of Paris of 1856 opened them again to the unrestricted passage of merchant vessels.

England felt the strength of the Turkish fortifications in 1877 when she sent a fleet of warships past them to compel the sultan to renounce an alliance he had made with Napoleon, and receive an alliance with England. The Turks were so taken by surprise by the act of England that they did not seriously oppose the entrance of the naval fleet, but when, at the end of a week, the fleet was forced to repair the forts it was only at a great loss to the English.

There is nothing in Turkey upon which money is so lavishly expended as upon the fortifications on both sides of these straits. Gen. Miles inspected these fortifications at the time of his visit to Turkey during the Greco-Turkish war, and says of the fortifications along the Dardanelles: "For several miles after entering the straits (from Constantinople) there are no forts, the channel being wide and the banks high; but about ten miles from the mouth the stream narrows and there is a sharp bend. Here are the most formidable works defending Constantinople, consisting of ten forts on the European side and five on the Asiatic. All of these forts have been modernized and mount the heaviest of recent guns. After passing this point of the Dardanelles the straits widen again and there are no more fortifications until the mouth is reached. Here again the banks bristle with guns."

From the Black sea Constantinople is protected by the fortifications along the Bosphorus. Should the Black sea fleet attempt to pass into the Aegean these are the first fortifications they would encounter. Along either bank of this 20 miles of narrow waterway are stretched 17 forts. Some of these are so antiquated as to be comparatively useless, but many of them are modern and mount heavy ordnance. Some of the older ones date back as far as the fourteenth century. The picturesque Rumeli Hisar, or Castle of Europe is among the most interesting of all the forts along the Bosphorus, but it is comparatively useless. The Bosphorus, like the Dardanelles, is famous in history. Darius with his 700,000 men crossed here, as did also Xeno-

phon with his 19,000 men on their return to Europe.

The fleet which the various international treaties, and the Turkish fortifications have locked in the Black sea number among its ships some of the best in the Russian navy. The fleet is also comparatively modern, as it has all been built since 1896, when the first three ships were laid down. The fleet consists of three first and five second class battleships, and while not large, as modern fleets go, it would give Russia a strong fleet for far eastern service if it could be added to the Baltic fleet and what is left of the Pacific fleet. The three first class battleships, Catherine II, Tchesme and Sinop, are monsters of their kind. Their measurements are as follows: Displacement, 10,150 tons; length between the perpendiculars, 220 feet; beam, 60 feet; draught, 25 feet. The compound armor belt has a maximum thickness of 15 inches, and the triangular redbut is plated with iron plates. This redbut, or citadel, is a special feature. It presents its base to the bows, and, inasmuch as two 12-inch 55 ton guns are coupled on barbette at each of the angles, the bow fire is exceedingly powerful. The six heavy guns are mounted on the disappearing gun principle, and only show over the top of the redbut when about to fire. Of the seven six-inch guns, four are also disposed for bow fire and three directed astern.

Another remarkable vessel in this fleet is the Trisulnitsa, which is the heaviest protected ship in the world. Some of the vessels of this fleet are speedy, running from 16 to 19 knots an hour. The Rostislav burns oil for fuel and made 19 knots on her trial trip.

Whether or not this fleet will succeed in getting out of the trap in which it is caught by international complications is a question that only time can answer, but if it does it should give a good account of itself in the far east, or it will at least prove whether or not the Russians are adepts at naval construction, for the entire fleet is necessarily of Russian build.

DANIEL CLEVELTON.

SENATORS FROM KANSAS

John T. Ingalls' "fated succession" is vividly recalled to mind by the present trouble in which Senator Burton finds himself.

The brilliant Athol statesman so designated the line of Kansas United States senators that started out with Gen. James H. Lane.

Those in the "fated succession," says the Topeka Capital were James H. Lane, Edward G. Ross, Robert Crozier, Alexander Caldwell, James M. Harvey, Preston R. Plumb, Bishop C. Perkins, John Martin, Lucien Baker and the present Senator J. Ralph Burton. Lane committed suicide by voting against the impeachment of Andrew Johnson, and was driven out of his party. Crozier, who served about a year by appointment, died without leaving a single mark by which his brief senatorial career can be remembered. Caldwell resigned after two years' service to escape investigation.

Brother Dick's Philanthropy.

"Der say well soon be talkin' wid der stars," said Brother Dickery, "but, ter my min', der bes' thing we kin do is ter fin' out somethin' bout der world whar we livin' at!"—Atlanta Constitution.

THE NEW NORTH.

RHINELANDER PRINTING CO.

GEORGE W. BISHOP, PROPRIETOR
O. F. BARNES, EDITOR AND MANAGER

ADVERTISING RATES.

DAILY ADVERTISEMENTS.—For a contract of three months or less, twenty cents per column inch for each insertion.
For a SIX MONTHS CONTRACT, fifteen cents per column inch for each insertion.
For a YEARLY CONTRACT, ten cents per column inch for each insertion.
In addition to the above all composition is charged for the first insertion and five cents per line for each subsequent insertion.
ALL NOTICES will be charged for at regular rates except notices of church services.

READING NOTICES.

READING NOTICES will be charged at ten cents per line for the first insertion and five cents per line for each subsequent insertion.
ALL NOTICES will be charged for at regular rates except notices of church services.

LAY SERMON.

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

and sermon the watchful hearer can always find food for thought. Very recently I attended services conducted by a prominent minister, known throughout the state for culture and sanctity. In his opening prayer he asked that the avenues between us and the Great Throne might be kept open, free from cloud and obstruction. Instantly I was reminded of a recent speech by a Senator in Congress on a bill to keep open the Mall of Washington, D. C. The original plan of the city of Washington, furnished by a French officer, Major L'Enfant and approved by George Washington, provided for a broad vista, or avenue, stretching from the Capitol to the Washington Monument. On its outer edges public buildings were to be erected, but the broad vista was to be perpetually preserved. It had been proposed, by some officials with more materialism than sentiment, to encroach upon this avenue by erecting public buildings within the prohibited lines. The object of the bill and of the Senator's speech was to prevent this encroachment and to preserve what to every true patriot must seem to be a sacred trust. When I heard that minister's prayer and thought of the Senator's speech the idea of an avenue between us and our Father was deeply impressed on my mind. There is a highway from earth to heaven. To some it is a narrow way, but to the eye of faith it is broad and clear and smooth. It runs through shady groves and beside limpid streams. It has no mountains to cross or dangerous pitfalls to shun. Its bright vista is not obscured by cloud or mist. All these evil things are near its margin, but to him who is in the line of duty and keeps within the limits of this avenue there need be no fear, for within the lines there is peace and safety.

Some people decline to go to church unless they can find one which is a center of wealth and exclusiveness. Brother, if that fits your case you should belong to the Church of the Golden Image. But remember this, if you seek to do work for the Master you shall find the cross wherever you go, and your crucifixion will be no less painful because the nails are of silver, driven with a golden hammer.

In all the relations and emergencies of life there is but one true, consistent, manly course, and it is defined by the simple word, duty. He who has assumed church vows must have it deeply engraved on his mind that next to his family, his duty is to his church. It is through the church that he has made his covenant with the higher power, and only through that medium can his duty be well and thoroughly performed. Go to church. So mote it be.

The headquarters of the Wisconsin Health Park association will be moved from Madison to Tomahawk. The association has a tract of 240 acres of land near Tomahawk, the gift of the late William Bradley, for the establishment of a health resort for consumptives and other invalids. The gift is conditioned upon the expenditure by the association of \$2,000 in permanent improvements. Nearly half of this sum has been received by the association and part has been expended.

Seven directors, all residents of Lincoln county, were elected at the meeting Thursday as follows:
Assemblyman E. W. Whitson, Judge G. M. Sheldon, City Clerk H. Kelly, Mayor Robert Thielen, Banker Macomber and Messrs. Olson and Price.

Dr. William P. Roberts of Janesville, an apostle of the open air cure for tubercular diseases, is in the field for secretary of the association.

Notice of Citizens' Convention.

Notice is hereby given that the convention to place in nomination the several candidates of the citizens' party, to be voted for at the municipal election to be held in the City of Rhinelander on April 2, 1904, will be held at the Court House in the city of Rhinelander on March 22, 1904, at 8 p. m. Each ward in the city will be entitled to two delegates.

Homesickers' Excursions to the North.

Excursion tickets at greatly reduced rates are on sale to the territory indicated above. Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars. Free Breakfasts and Care of "The Best of Everything." For dates of sale and full particulars apply to Agents Chicago & North Western Ry., Milwaukee, Wis.

LOLA BEERS AS A WRITER.

Former Rhinelander High School Poet
is Honored at Loretto Academy.

The following article written by Lola Beers, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Beers formerly of this city but now of St. Louis, Mo., was published in the Niagara Falls, a quarterly magazine published by the students of Loretto Convent at Niagara Falls, Ont., recently and received the first prize in a contest for journalistic honors.

Lola took as her subject Father Sheehan's poem entitled "In the Mart" and has handled it in a descriptive manner that certainly entitles her to great credit. She wrote the article without assistance other than that derived from the books in the convent and we reprint it with pleasure.

Through brake and fen, over mountain and valley, our cheeks fanned by the invigorating sea breezes that on mere playfulness dash the spray on the fair strand of the Emerald Isle, our very souls drinking in the grandeur of Ireland's pure atmosphere—it is thus we learn the true beauty of Irish life and character, through the grand productions of Father Sheehan.

As in all his poems is found the essence of true genius, so likewise in his sublime production, "In the Mart," we find the power of the poet to produce in his readers a marvellous elevation.

During our perusal of "In the Mart," we are wrapt as in a dream; living with the poet, thinking his thoughts and seeing his beauty as he does—reflected in each brooklet and "mirrored" lake. The principle on which the poem is founded is the difference between sensual and mental pleasures and their respective reward.

This subject Father Sheehan has developed to the highest possible point of beauty, and, with his wonderful and masterly power, leads his readers up to the Beatific Vision.

He first introduces us into what he chooses as a representative of the world in general, a market place filled with greedy merchants whose only aim and whose only ambition is gold, gold, gold! Amidst the daily clamor for it in the mart a poet stands idly by, watching the "slaves bent low" to the men so horrible in their rapaciousness.

Having discovered a stranger watching them in their toil, they rudely inquire his name. But the poet, repelled by the sickening sight, swiftly turns aside, having readily detected "the greed that looked out from every face," and, wondering at the fetters that bound such creatures, such a god, a good of intrinsic value alone, whom they had allowed even to transform their hearts into heavy "lumps" of the yellow metal.

Immediately they require him to show his merchandise, and join the noisy sales, but he quietly tells them he has but songs of birds and nature. They insist on his singing the song, and when finished, he is made the object of their ridicule and scorn, and they drive him from the mart.

But the poet, as he strolls from the city, his singing answered by the voices of all nature's children, he is enveloped in a cloud and his soul soars high—yet higher—until he sees before him God's face. And the merchants sleep in the dusty street, their hearts were "lumps" of earth, and their souls, alas, for what had they pawned them?

With what characteristic elegance does Father Sheehan develop the splendid moral lesson of "In the Mart." The power of the words, "greed I looked out from every face," and the weight of the merchants when he thus addresses the merchants around him, "I have bought you would value," plainly show that the creatures of the world are so enwrapped in their gold that they forget all else and neglect to remember in praise and thanksgiving their Creator—the Mighty Giver of the wealth.

We soon realize that our author is a lover of nature and well acquainted with the tiniest flowers that blossom. Little wonder he calls forth from his exclamations of purest delight when we read "a melody soft as the soft spring winds, when the lambs leap and the violets blow,"—only a description of springtime it is true, but in what delicacy of expression has been chosen to clothe it!

He calls chivalry the age when "men were men," not "slaves bent low over the dust of the golden alchemy," and in vain may we search for a prettier comparison than that of a "shady and low valley" to "a child that hides the sweets of her face, and the amber glow of her hair where the glint of the sunbeam lides."

In what language does he place before us the red and bloody horrors of war, saying, "The red, red rain dripped from the clouds?" Without doubt the most powerful expression of the whole poem is the one in which he describes the merchants as being left in their lust—"Their lids were red from the poppy gold" and then do we discover the suggestive "lump" into which each heart bent turned.

The sublime passage representing the poet as a chosen one of God, reads thus: "A cloud swooped down and clothed him in the pure white robes of God's elect."
"His tongue was silent; and his eyes grew dim
'Till he stood 'fore the face of God, erect!"
Well has Father Sheehan succeeded in his object—that which should be the aim of every poet—to enable us to see the spirituality of his poem, guiding us to a real conception of the life in the spiritual atmosphere until we, too, like himself, shall, as a reward, behold the face of our Heavenly Father.

In ecstasy we may read and re-read "In the Mart," ever finding hidden beauties, ever realizing more and more the danger which we encounter in the daily human strife for gold, ever being filled with a greater desire to attain that end for which we are striving. Has it not taught us a priceless lesson? Oh, yes. Now, we can discern the soul as it really is—the poet

soul that sees God's image everywhere and for whom the ideal in everything stands revealed.

Thus may we, with the holy, noble sentiments of Father Sheehan impressed deeply upon our hearts, hope to receive our reward as the poet who sees the ideal in everything in this life on earth will be rewarded with a revelation of the One Highest of All Ideals, His Supreme Maker!

Application for Franchise.

TO THE MAYOR AND COMMON COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF RHINELANDER.

The undersigned, E. A. Forbes and C. A. Wixson, of Rhinelander, Wis., hereby apply for a franchise substantially in the form attached to this application.

Dated March 11, 1904.

E. A. FORBES
C. A. WIXSON

AN ORDINANCE GRANTING TO E. A. FORBES AND C. A. WIXSON THE RIGHT TO CONSTRUCT, ERECT, MAINTAIN AND USE, LINES OF POLES AND WIRES FOR THE TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRIC POWER AND LIGHT WITHIN THE LIMITS OF THE STREETS AND ALLEYS OF THE CITY OF RHINELANDER.

The Mayor and Common Council of the City of Rhinelander do ordain as follows:

SECTION I. Permission and authority is hereby given to E. A. Forbes and C. A. Wixson, of Rhinelander, Wisconsin, their heirs and assigns, to build, construct, maintain and use lines of poles and electric wires within the limits of all the streets and alleys of the City of Rhinelander until the first day of January, 1924, for the purpose of transmitting light and power along said wires. The poles for such lines shall be placed at such points on the streets as the Board of Public Works shall direct, and shall be moved from time to time, as said board shall direct, but all removals so ordered shall be reasonable. Such lines of wires shall be erected and maintained at the height from the ground provided for by Section 132a of the Revised Statutes of Wisconsin.

The rights herein granted are not exclusive, but the City reserves the right to grant other similar privileges at any time to any person, persons or corporation.

The said E. A. Forbes and C. A. Wixson, their heirs and assigns, shall at all times hold the City of Rhinelander harmless on account of any damages which may be suffered by any person lawfully using the streets and public highways of the city, on account of any negligence of the said E. A. Forbes and C. A. Wixson, their heirs or assigns in the erection, maintenance and operation of said lines of wires and poles.

SECTION II. The prices which may be charged by the said E. A. Forbes and C. A. Wixson, their heirs and assigns, to users for incandescent lighting shall not exceed fifteen cents per 1,000 watts.

SECTION III. As a consideration for the granting of the rights herein granted, the said Forbes and Wixson, their heirs and assigns, shall furnish to the city, free of charge, during the life of this franchise, all necessary lights for the city council room, city clerk's office, city lock up, two police houses, and lights to the city free public library to the amount of five dollars per month at the rate of ten cents per 1,000 watts.

SECTION IV. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force on and after its passage and publication and its acceptance in writing by the said E. A. Forbes and C. A. Wixson within thirty days after its said passage.

Application for Franchise.

TO THE COMMON COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF RHINELANDER:

The undersigned, the Rhinelander Power Company, hereby applies for a franchise substantially in the form attached to this application.

Dated March 11, 1904.

THE RHINELANDER POWER CO.
By A. W. SHELTON, President.

AN ORDINANCE GRANTING TO THE RHINELANDER POWER CO. THE RIGHT TO CONSTRUCT, ERECT, MAINTAIN AND USE LINES OF POLES AND WIRES FOR THE TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRIC POWER AND LIGHT WITHIN THE LIMITS OF THE STREETS AND ALLEYS OF THE CITY OF RHINELANDER.

The Mayor and Common Council of the City of Rhinelander do ordain as follows:

SECTION I. Permission and authority is hereby given to the Rhinelander Power Company of Rhinelander, Wisconsin, to build, construct, maintain and use lines of poles and electric wires within the limits of all of the streets and alleys of the City of Rhinelander until the first day of January, 1924, for the purpose of transmitting light and power along said wires. The poles for such lines shall be placed at such points on the streets as the Board of Public Works shall direct and shall be moved from time to time as said board shall direct, but all removals so ordered shall be reasonable. Such lines of wires shall be erected and maintained at the height from the ground provided by Section 132a of the Revised Statutes of Wisconsin.

The rights herein granted are not exclusive but the City reserves the right to grant similar privileges at any time to any person, persons or corporation.

The Rhinelander Power Co. shall at all times hold the city harmless on account of any damages which may be suffered by any person lawfully using the streets and public highways of the city, on account of any negligence of the Rhinelander Power Company in the erection, maintenance and operation of said lines of poles and wires.

SECTION II. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Notice of Election.

Office of City Clerk.

Rhineland, Wis., Mar. 15, 1904.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE CITY OF RHINELANDER, ONIDA COUNTY, WISCONSIN.

Notice is hereby given that a municipal election is to be held in the City of Rhinelander, Onida county, Wis., on the first Tuesday, being the 5th day

Calumet Baking Powder

Perfect in quality.
Moderate in price.

of April, A. D., 1904, at which the following officers are to be chosen:

A mayor to succeed Fred Anderle whose term of office expires on the 1st day of May, 1904.

A treasurer to succeed A. D. Satton whose term of office expires on the 1st day of May, 1904.

A Comptroller to succeed Richard Reed whose term of office expires on the 1st day of May, 1904.

An Assessor to succeed Fayette Patterson whose term of office expires on the 1st day of May, 1904.

An Alderman from the First Ward to succeed John Swedberg whose term of office expires the third Tuesday in April 1904.

A Supervisor from the First Ward to succeed Olat Goldstrand whose term of office expires on the third Tuesday in April 1904.

An Alderman from the second ward to succeed Emil Johnson whose term of office expires on the third Tuesday in April 1904.

A Supervisor from the second ward to succeed Julius Follstad whose term of office expires on the third Tuesday in April 1904.

An Alderman from the third ward to succeed Frank Divers whose term of office expires on the third Tuesday in April 1904.

A Supervisor from the third ward to succeed E. B. Crofoot whose term of office expires on the third Tuesday in April 1904.

An Alderman from the fourth ward to succeed Chas. F. Barnes whose term of office expires on the third Tuesday in April 1904.

A Supervisor from the fourth ward to succeed A. W. Brown, whose term of office expires on the third Tuesday in April 1904.

An Alderman from the fifth ward to succeed W. H. Gilligan whose term of office expires on the third Tuesday in April 1904.

A Supervisor from the fifth ward to succeed W. B. LaSalle whose term of office expires on the third Tuesday in April 1904.

An Alderman from the sixth ward to succeed C. H. Koepecke, whose term of office expires on the third Tuesday in April 1904.

A Supervisor from the sixth ward to succeed Geo. C. Jewell, whose term of office expires on the third Tuesday in April 1904.

The following is a list of the polling places:

1st ward—Hose House No. 2.

2nd ward—Brown Bros. Boarding house.

3rd ward—Taylor's Pop Factory.

4th ward—Hose House No. 1.

5th ward—Chas. & LaSalle building opposite Rapids house.

6th ward—building on Pelham street.

Dated at Rhinelander, Wis., March 15th, 1904.

GUS. SWEDBERG,
City Clerk.

Notice of Judicial Election.

STATE OF WISCONSIN } ss

Department of State }

Notice is hereby given that at the Judicial Election to be held in the several towns, wards and villages and election districts of the State of Wisconsin, on the first Tuesday in April, A. D. 1904 being the fifth day of said month, the following officers are to be elected, to-wit:

A Justice of the supreme court, in accordance with the provisions of section 3, of chapter 10, of the laws of 1903, whose term of office will begin on the first Monday in January, 1907.

Said election to be held and conducted, votes canvassed and returns made in accordance with the law.

Given under my hand and official seal at the capital, in the city of Madison, this 26th day of February, A. D. 1904.

JAMES H. STONE,
Asst. Secretary of State.

(SEAL)

STATE OF WISCONSIN } ss

County of Onida }

Notice is hereby given that at a Judicial election to be held in the several towns, wards and villages and election districts in the County of Onida, in the State of Wisconsin on the first Tuesday in April, A. D., 1904, being the fifth day of said month, the following officers are to be elected, to-wit:

A Justice of the supreme court, in accordance with the provisions of section 3, of chapter 10, of the laws of 1903, whose term of office will begin on the first Monday in January, 1907.

Said election to be held and conducted, votes canvassed and returns made in accordance with the law.

Given under my hand and official seal, at the Court House in the City of Rhinelander this 8th day of March, A. D. 1904.

W. W. CARR,
County Clerk.

(SEAL)

Caucuses.

Caucuses to elect delegates to the Citizens' (City) Convention and to place in nomination candidates of said party for alderman and supervisors in each ward will be held for each ward at the polling place where the last municipal election was held in each ward on March 19th, 1904, at 7:30 p. m. Caucuses will be held open one hour. Voting will be by ballot.

A. W. SHELTON,
Chairman Citizens Committee.

Dated March 4th, 1904.

HOTEL GAGEN

HUGO MEISWINKEL, Proprietor.
Rates \$1.00 per day.
First-class Accommodations.

The New Store

—Is Now—

OPEN FOR BUSINESS

NEW STOCK

DOUGLAS SHOES,
GORDON HATS.

Call in and look over
the New up-to-date lines.
The Prices are right.

See the Gordon Hats, spring styles,
also the famous W. L. Douglas Shoes. Full
lines in stock, all sizes and widths.

Bear in mind that this is the only store
where you can purchase the well known Jeffer-
son Driving shoes.

J. P. HANSEN.

Music Lessons.
Parties who wish lessons on mandolin, guitar and banjo leave orders at Curllin's music store. Years of experience. Satisfaction guaranteed. Piano tuning a specialty.
O. E. PALMER.

A Card.
We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50 cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.
J. J. Leonard.

St. Augustine's Church.
Sunday services—Holy Communion at 7:30 a. m.; morning prayer and sermon, 10:30 a. m.; Sunday school, 12 p. m.; evening prayer and sermon, 7:30 p. m. Week days—Friday evening prayer and litany, 7:30 p. m. Holy days—Holy Communion, 7:30 a. m.

Farmers in Chicago.
Over 200 people died of pneumonia in Chicago last year. In every case the disease resulted from cold. Had the cold been promptly and properly treated at the outset almost every one would have recovered. This statement is abundantly proved by the fact that among the tens of thousands throughout this country who use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to cure their colds, no case of pneumonia has ever been reported, which shows conclusively that this remedy is a certain preventive of pneumonia. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has gained its wide reputation and enormous sale by the prompt and effective cures of colds and can always be depended upon. For sale by Anderle & Hiaman. 54-15-17.

Special Reduced Excursion Rates.
Will be in effect from all points on the Chicago & North-Western Railway for the occasions named below:
Los Angeles, beginning May 3rd, General Conference Methodist Episcopal Church.

San Francisco, May 31 to 8th, Retail Grocers' National Association.
Atlantic City, N. J., July 13th to 15th, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

San Francisco, Sept. 3th to 9th, Triennial Conclave Knights Templar.
San Francisco, Sept. 19th to 25th, Sovereign Grand Lodge I. O. O. F.

For information as to rates, dates of sale, etc., of these or other occasions, call upon the Ticket Agent of the North-Western Line.

Perfect Confidence in Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

Where there is a feeling of weakness and worry in the household when a child shows symptoms of croup, there is now perfect confidence. This is owing to the uniform success of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the treatment of that disease. Mrs. M. I. Basford of Pooksville, Md., in speaking of her experience in the use of that remedy says: "I have a world of confidence in Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for I have used it with perfect success. My child Garland is subject to severe attacks of croup and it always gives him prompt relief." For sale by Anderle & Hiaman. 54-15-17.

HOTEL ALPINE

J. M. McGowan, Prop.
Rates \$1.00 PER DAY

First-class Accommodations.

One block north of North-Western Depot in Rhinelander.

Notice of Foreclosure and Sale.
IN CIRCUIT COURT, ONIDA COUNTY.
T. R. McFarlane and C. S. Gilbert, executors of the will of S. G. Hiltner, deceased, Plaintiffs.

W. L. Beers, John H. Beers, Jerry Lamborn, Company, Geo. P. Beck, Charles L. Cook, John H. Hild, F. J. Dockett, Jas. E. Krueger and Chas. A. Krueger, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a judgment of foreclosure and sale rendered in the above entitled action on the 15th day of February, A. D. 1903 and docketed February 21st, 1903, in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Onida County, Wisconsin, a judgment of foreclosure and sale of the premises described in the following:

That part of lot seven (7) in block twenty-five (25) of the original plat of the village of Rhinelander, Onida County, Wisconsin, which was sold to the plaintiff by the defendant on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1901, at the public auction at the Court House in the City of Rhinelander, Onida County, Wisconsin, the following described premises or so much thereof as shall be necessary to satisfy the judgment of foreclosure and sale, and which are described in said judgment of foreclosure and sale as follows:

That part of lot seven (7) in block twenty-five (25) of the original plat of the village of Rhinelander, Onida County, Wisconsin, which was sold to the plaintiff by the defendant on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1901, at the public auction at the Court House in the City of Rhinelander, Onida County, Wisconsin, the following described premises or so much thereof as shall be necessary to satisfy the judgment of foreclosure and sale, and which are described in said judgment of foreclosure and sale as follows:

That part of lot seven (7) in block twenty-five (25) of the original plat of the village of Rhinelander, Onida County, Wisconsin, which was sold to the plaintiff by the defendant on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1901, at the public auction at the Court House in the City of Rhinelander, Onida County, Wisconsin, the following described premises or so much thereof as shall be necessary to satisfy the judgment of foreclosure and sale, and which are described in said judgment of foreclosure and sale as follows:

That part of lot seven (7) in block twenty-five (25) of the original plat of the village of Rhinelander, Onida County, Wisconsin, which was sold to the plaintiff by the defendant on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1901, at the public auction at the Court House in the City of Rhinelander, Onida County, Wisconsin, the following described premises or so much thereof as shall be necessary to satisfy the judgment of foreclosure and sale, and which are described in said judgment of foreclosure and sale as follows:

That part of lot seven (7) in block twenty-five (25) of the original plat of the village of Rhinelander, Onida County, Wisconsin, which was sold to the plaintiff by the defendant on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1901, at the public auction at the Court House in the City of Rhinelander, Onida County, Wisconsin, the following described premises or so much thereof as shall be necessary to satisfy the judgment of foreclosure and sale, and which are described in said judgment of foreclosure and sale as follows:

That part of lot seven (7) in block twenty-five (25) of the original plat of the village of Rhinelander, Onida County, Wisconsin, which was sold to the plaintiff by the defendant on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1901, at the public auction at the Court House in the City of Rhinelander, Onida County, Wisconsin, the following described premises or so much thereof as shall be necessary to satisfy the judgment of foreclosure and sale, and which are described in said judgment of foreclosure and sale as follows:

That part of lot seven (7) in block twenty-five (25) of the original plat of the village of Rhinelander, Onida County, Wisconsin, which was sold to the plaintiff by the defendant on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1901, at the public auction at the Court House in the City of Rhinelander, Onida County, Wisconsin, the following described premises or so much thereof as shall be necessary to satisfy the judgment of foreclosure and sale, and which are described in said judgment of foreclosure and sale as follows:

That part of lot seven (7) in block twenty-five (25) of the original plat of the village of Rhinelander, Onida County, Wisconsin, which was sold to the plaintiff by the defendant on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1901, at the public auction at the Court House in the City of Rhinelander, Onida County, Wisconsin, the following described premises or so much thereof as shall be necessary to satisfy the judgment of foreclosure and sale, and which are described in said judgment of foreclosure and sale as follows:

That part of lot seven (7) in block twenty-five (25) of the original plat of the village of Rhinelander, Onida County, Wisconsin, which was sold to the plaintiff by the defendant on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1901, at the public auction at the Court House in the City of Rhinelander, Onida County, Wisconsin, the following described premises or so much thereof as shall be necessary to satisfy the judgment of foreclosure and sale, and which are described in said judgment of foreclosure and sale as follows:

That part of lot seven (7) in block twenty-five (25) of the original plat of the village of Rhinelander, Onida County, Wisconsin, which was sold to the plaintiff by the defendant on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1901, at the public auction at the Court House in the City of Rhinelander, Onida County, Wisconsin, the following described premises or so much thereof as shall be necessary to satisfy the judgment of foreclosure and sale, and which are described in said judgment of foreclosure and sale as follows:

That part of lot seven (7) in block twenty-five (25) of the original plat of the village of Rhinelander, Onida County, Wisconsin, which was sold to the plaintiff by the defendant on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1901, at the public auction at the Court House in the City of Rhinelander, Onida County, Wisconsin, the following described premises or so much thereof as shall be necessary to satisfy the judgment of foreclosure and sale, and which are described in said judgment of foreclosure and sale as follows:

That part of lot seven (7) in block twenty-five (25) of the original plat of the village of Rhinelander, Onida County, Wisconsin, which was sold to the plaintiff by the defendant on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1901, at the public auction at the Court House in the City of Rhinelander, Onida County, Wisconsin, the following described premises or so much thereof as shall be necessary to satisfy the judgment of foreclosure and sale, and which are described in said judgment of foreclosure and sale as follows:

That part of lot seven (7) in block twenty-five (25) of the original plat of the village of Rhinelander, Onida County, Wisconsin, which was sold to the plaintiff by the defendant on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1901, at the public auction at the Court House in the City of Rhinelander, Onida County, Wisconsin, the following described premises or so much thereof as shall be necessary to satisfy the judgment of foreclosure and sale, and which are described in said judgment of foreclosure and sale as follows:

That part of lot seven (7) in block twenty-five (25) of the original plat of the village of Rhinelander, Onida County, Wisconsin, which was sold to the plaintiff by

ORANGES.

No Brass Band necessary to stimulate orders for Oranges at the present prices, quality considered.

Beautiful, Lucious Navel Oranges. Although we have but recently acquired the control in this city for several leading brands of California Navel Oranges the trade that we have established is away beyond our expectations.

Please bear in mind that we are selling from ten to fifteen boxes per week and this alone should be a sufficient guarantee of the quality we are handling.

HORR, THE GROCER,

DEALER IN GOOD THINGS TO EAT.

Bits of Local Gossip

H. Lewis, the one-price clothier, leads them all.

Mrs. A. State of Antigo is visiting in the city.

P. P. Phillips of Tomahawk was in the city Thursday.

FOR RENT.—Two good offices rooms Enquire at this office.

L. S. Phillips and wife of Crandon were in the city Friday.

Matt. Stapleton transacted business in Merrill Friday.

John Green of Eagle River attended to business here Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Stumpner were Thursday visitors in Wausau.

W. H. Durdwood and son of Star Lake were in Rhinelander Saturday.

Mrs. K. L. McLeod went to Wausau Saturday morning to visit relatives.

Agent Olof Rosen of the Blue Grass Land Co., made a business trip to Ashland Saturday.

Dry tamarack wood for sale, 16 inch and 1 foot. Inquire of S. Kelley, city, Jan 25-26

W. H. Trumbull and wife spent Saturday and Sunday at their former home in Marshfield.

Mrs. Wm. Shannon and baby left Saturday morning for a visit with Black Creek relatives.

Dr. Archie McLeod attended to the dental wants of Eagle River people during the week.

Mrs. Jessie Fridman has spent the last two weeks visiting with friends at Tomahawk and Merrill.

Among the late arrivals in Rhinelander is a baby girl at the home of Mr. and Mrs. O. O. Kongslien.

Ed. Faust has accepted a position as stenographer in the office of the Warden Lumber Co. at Bandy.

Harry Prior, formerly proprietor of the Stevens street barber shop has taken a position with H. Jewett.

Ed. Brazell, Jr., was in from the Brazell mill near Bandy Saturday hiring men for the coming sawing season.

Mrs. and Mrs. E. M. LaLande are the proud parents of a baby boy who arrived at their north side home last week.

Angus McDonald, station agent for the North-Western line at Watersmeet, spent Sunday with his people in the city.

Mrs. B. D. McEaster was in the city Thursday on her way to her home in Mackinac, Mich., after a visit in Tomahawk.

Henry Krause, yard man for Silvestri & Co., was at Three Lakes last Friday looking after some lumber shipments for the above firm.

Miss Geo. A. Busk is spending a few weeks with her parents at Oconto before taking up her residence in Rhinelander, Oconto Falls Herald.

Ge. Peterson, who for 15 years has been in the employ of the North-Western road, near Lac du Flambeau as a section foreman, was in Rhinelander Saturday.

W. S. Manning and E. G. Haviland were over from Ladysmith the latter part of the week. Both gentlemen are connected with the big paper plant at that place.

Mrs. F. T. Dille of Stevens Point is in the city visiting with her friend Mrs. M. Jamelson on Pelham St.

Mrs. Dille is known to many Rhinelander people having visited here on several occasions.

Among the Rhinelander dressmakers who attended the national dressmakers convention in Chicago this week were Mrs. Fred Barnes, Miss Marie Quislan, Miss Anna Peck and Miss Elizabeth Morrow.

Reconstruct your whole body. Make rich red blood. Drives out impurities that have collected during the winter. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is a family tonic. 35 cents. Ten or tablets. J. J. Reardon.

Mr. and Mrs. Pat Gleason attended the funeral of their little niece, Mrs. J. J. Laughlin's daughter, at Antigo Sunday. The Laughlins formerly resided in this city and have the sympathy of their many friends here in their bereavement.

Ed. Greenman, a North-Western brakeman known in this city, was badly injured last Thursday at Hound Junction. While making a coupling, he was caught between a ore car, freight car and a flat car and seriously bruised about the shoulder and arms. He will survive.

J. P. Hansen, the leading clothier in Rhinelander.

Peter Doyle came down from State Line Tuesday.

John Godkin was here from Bay City during the week.

George Poole of Hortonville is visiting friends in Rhinelander.

John Battigan went to his home in Manitowish Sunday night.

J. R. Dunnigan, the Wausau lumberman, is in town this week.

Wanted to buy a house centrally located. Inquire J. S. at this office.

H. J. Hughes, a prominent Escanaba man, spent the Sabbath in Rhinelander.

Will Stevens looked after his logging interests near Eagle River during the week.

Mrs. J. T. Harrigan was down from Manitowish doing shopping the fore part of the week.

Mrs. Frank Lambert and Miss Leichtenstein are assisting at Spafford & Cole's store during the sale.

Mrs. D. H. Vaughan departed this week on an extended visit with relatives in Chicago and Maywood, Ill.

E. M. Polley and wife left yesterday to spend a few days on their homestead in the Town of Newbold.

Miss Elizabeth Baker has returned to her home in Merrill after an extended visit at the home of E. S. Shepard.

O. E. Pederson and O. J. Kaufman of Ladysmith were here on a business mission during the first of the week.

Bruso Bros.' orchestra has been engaged to play for a dance given by the M. W. A. at Eagle River, Easter Monday.

Mrs. Jas. Murphy and little daughter are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Eagan at Brown Bros' farm at Tamarack Lake.

George Burns came down last week from State Line where he had been calling for Brown Brothers at Bob Livingston's camp.

John Brogan of Lac du Flambeau has purchased the E. L. Campbell house on Pelham street and will offer the place for rent.

Perry Campbell, who has been scaling during the winter for the Wisconsin Veneer Co. near Carou, returned to the city Friday.

Ted Yapp returned the last of the week from a trip through Minnesota and Iowa in the interests of the Rhinelander Mfg. Co.

Many of our citizens are victims of the grippe, the dread disease which usually makes its appearance about this time every year.

Mrs. C. J. O'Brien returned this week from Chicago where she had been for some weeks purchasing spring millinery goods.

A. Hansen, the Three Lakes boot and shoe manufacturer, was in the city during the week. He was accompanied by his little son.

Geo. Mason came up from Madison Tuesday morning to spend the week looking after his interests in the Mason-Johnson Lumber Co.

George Burns has been offered a position as foreman in the big sawmill of the Southern Lumber Co. at Warren, Ark. He will leave for the south this week.

James Welch of Ashland spent Sunday with his brother, Dr. T. Welch. Mr. Welch is in the wholesale coal business in Ashland and has many friends here who were glad to see him.

This spring you will need a nerve food, one that will cleanse and reconstruct your nerve centers and waste energies. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will do it. 35 cents. Ten or tablets. J. J. Reardon.

Ed. Rozgales, an employee at the paper mill, fell twenty-five feet from a pile of pulp wood last Thursday, spraining an arm and sustaining serious injuries about the face. The accident will prevent him from working for some weeks.

There is talk just at present of organizing a city baseball team this spring and joining the valley league association. At one time Rhinelander supported one of the crack teams of the state and there is still a number of the old "fans" left to start things humming again in that line.

Ticket No. 17 held by Elias Gallagher, a workman in Dan Shea's logging camp on Turtle River won the gold watch which was given away by J. A. Cushman last week. Cushman gave all of the plant boys a chance at the watch who patronized him with his line of medicines.

GIRL WANTED—Inquire at Hotel Fuller.

Mrs. L. Uppler of Fond du Lac is visiting with south side friends.

J. J. Reardon went to Milwaukee Tuesday morning to be gone a few days.

Miss Joe Snyder has been added to the force of salesladies in Cruse's department store.

A girl baby was born to Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Amundson, south side residents, Sunday.

Miss Hazel Gauthier of Lac du Flambeau visited during the week with south side relatives.

A card party will be given by the Lady Macabees at their hall next Wednesday evening. Cordial invitation extended.

E. F. Martin is at St. Mary's hospital now recovering from a successful operation on his foot which was injured while working on the foundation at the paper mill last summer.

The "Railway Echo" an Ashland division monthly, made its initial appearance this month. It is published in Kaukauna and contains matter interesting to railroad people.

WANTED—Girl to do general housework, 19 W. Fredrick St.

A bouncing baby boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. George Decker early this morning.

Attorney John Barnes had business at Phillips, the Price county seat, Thursday.

Tuesday morning's north bound passenger train on the North-Western line was over nine hours late as the result of the heavy snowfall encountered in the south of the state delaying all traffic.

The Buck Clothing Co. have recently put in shelving and rearranged their stock preparatory to putting in their spring goods. By this means they will be enabled to handle a larger line than heretofore.

The musical program at the Congregational church Sunday evening will have several interesting features including an orchestra also a male chorus and singing by the Junior choir. A practical address will be given.

A cow belonging to an Eagle River man recently gave birth to triplets. The calves are alive and healthy. Providing the animals continue to thrive they will be shipped to the St. Louis Exposition as part of the Wisconsin exhibit.

Today is being celebrated by Rhinelander's Irish population in honor of their patron saint, St. Patrick. Judging by the ribbons of green which are much in evidence about the streets, others than just the "sons of Erin" are keeping the day.

Mr. and Mrs. John Brogan were down from Lac du Flambeau between trains Saturday. Mr. Brogan has charge of the Flambeau Lumber Co.'s logging house and is also superintendent of the North-western line boarding cars on the Ashland division.

B. F. Lonsbury of Wahpeton, N. D., is in the city today a guest of Mr. and Mrs. F. T. Coon at the Fuller House. Mr. Lonsbury is a brother of Mrs. Coon and the father of Miss Mae Lonsbury who visited here for several weeks last year. He is a leading furniture dealer in Wahpeton where he has been located for many years.

There is talk of remodeling the old Conro building on the north side and converting the structure into a lodging house. A north side man has the project in hand. The Conro building is one of the old landmarks of the city and for some years has been unoccupied.

One of Harrigan Bros' big camps near Manitowish ceased operations last week. The crew numbered about seventy men and the season's cut aggregated several million feet. The other camp in that section operated by the Harrigans will not close until next August as the firm contemplates doing considerable summer logging.

Attorney Max Sells was in Rhinelander during last week coming over from Florence to look after professional business matters. While here he said but little about the assault made upon him some weeks ago by an irate homesteader, although a number of his friends took the opportunity to congratulate him on his narrow escape.

John McElrhone, who has been superintending logging operations for the Arpin Lumber Co. near Bruce during the season, came home Sunday after having completed a very successful winter. Mr. McElrhone is one of the Arpin Co's old standbys having been in their employ for many years. His son James, who has also been working at the camp, came home with him.

Andrew Hanson, employed in the sawmill at Hackley, broke his right leg above the knee as a result of a fall from a snagging. The accident occurred the first of the week. The employees of the mill took up a collection amounting to over seventy dollars which they presented to the unfortunate man. The amount will help support his family during the time he will be laid up.

Business on the railroads in the freight line, which for two weeks past has been about at a standstill, is now picking up again. This is due to the present mild condition of the weather, allowing trains to run under more favorable conditions. The traveling public are relieved to again see passenger trains running on schedule time.

102 PAIRS OF LADIES' HOSE WERE GIVEN AWAY FREE

We have given away 102 pairs of Ladies' Hose to our patrons during our Special sale of shoes and although the sale closed early we enjoyed a splendid trade in the above line. We have still a fine stock to select from and invite your inspection.

Many Bargains in Dress Goods

SOLBERG & KOLDEN.
Rhinelander, Wis.

Gather the roses of health for your cheeks.

While the parks are shining with dew.

Get out in the morning early and bright.

By taking Rocky Mountain Tea at night.

J. J. Reardon.

Prof. Fredrick C. Kopp, one of Oneida county's aged residents, died last Wednesday at his home in Three Lakes.

Death is supposed to have been due to heart failure as he dropped off very suddenly. Prof. Kopp served in the war of the rebellion as musician to Co. E, 1st Regiment Connecticut Volunteers. He was a member of John A. Logan Post G. A. R. of this city. The funeral was conducted at Three Lakes.

A number of new settlers, comprising several families, arrived in the city recently from Clear Lake, Iowa, and have located on lands in the Town of Pelican sold to them by the Blue Grass Land Co. They brought with them several head of stock and also hundreds of chickens. New arrivals to Oneida county are always welcome, especially people like the above, who will work for the interests and general welfare of the community and help upbuild the country.

Remember the Junior play tomorrow night at the opera house.

A few of the logging camps in this section are beginning to break up and about every train into the city brings in its usual load of lumber, jacks. Camps north are still in full operation and likely will be for some weeks as there is yet no indications of a thaw.

Owen Ryan came home Saturday evening from Catawba near where he has been running camp during the winter for the Arpin Lumber Co. Mr. Ryan had supervision over a crew of one hundred men and there for the season amounted to over five million feet of pine and hardwood timber. Twenty-two teams were kept busy all winter on a five mile haul.

Town of Pelican Caves

Notice is hereby given to the electors of the town of Pelican that a caucus will be held at the hall of said town at 2 p. m. Saturday, March 26, 1901, for the purpose of nominating town officers. WM. HARDELL, Chairman.

High School Meet at Appleton.

Invitations were sent out from Appleton this week to forty-two high schools in Northern Wisconsin inviting them to send teams to participate in the Northern Wisconsin Inter-scholastic meet to be held there May 14 at the fair grounds.

The following are the schools which will be invited: Antigo, Algoma, Appleton (Ryan and Third ward), Amherst, Berlin, Clintonville, Chilton, DePere, Fond du Lac, Green Bay (east and west sides), Grand Rapids, Kewaunee, Kaukauna, Menasha, Manitowish (north and south sides), Marinette, Merrill, Marshfield, Neenah New London, Oshkosh, Oconto, Omro, Oakfield, Peshtigo, Ripon, Sheboygan, Shawano, Staron Bay, Stevens Point, Seymour, Waupaca, Two Rivers, West Bend, Wausau, Rhinelander, West DePere and Weyauwega.

Each school will be allowed to send a team of eight contestants among whom the receipts will be divided according to the distance they have to travel. Larger teams may be entered but all over eight will have to pay their own expenses.

Officers for Agricultural Society Elected

The Oneida County Agricultural Society met Monday at their council rooms and elected officers for the coming year. The following were chosen:

President—Prescott Calkins.

Vice Pres.—W. T. Stevens.

Secretary—T. H. Welch.

Treas.—Arthur Taylor.

Supt. of Sped.—F. E. Barker.

Supt. of Women's Dept.—Mrs. J. L. Young.

The date for holding the 1901 fair was set for Sept. 26, 27 and 28.

Some few months ago Mr. Wiltsie organized a boy's club for literary and scientific studies. It was for the most part composed of the boys of his Sunday school class, although it was not limited to them. They chose the name of Ernest Thompson Seton for their organization and Mr. Wiltsie wrote Mr. Seton asking him for the privilege of so using his name. In reply the following letter was received from Mr. Seton:

REV. HERBERT WILTSIE.

MY DEAR SIR:—Your very kind letter of February 29th has just reached me here. I am much gratified to learn of the club the boys have formed and very proud indeed to have it for a name sake. I am writing home for my latest photograph. It will be sent you direct from New York. Wishing you every success, I remain Yours most cordially,

ERNEST THOMPSON SETON.

The letter is signed in Mr. Seton's characteristic way with a fox track. The original is on file at the library, and Miss Smith will show it to any one who wants to see it.

The club has spent the winter night sessions in studies in American biographies, current events, military science and natural history, and in debating various questions. It has a subscription list of periodicals which are circulated among the members.

As spring opens, it will take up the outdoor study of the flora and fauna of the county, making frequent excursions for the purpose. As far as complete as possible will be posed for the county, and presented to the Carnegie library.

At present the starter of the club is Mr. Seton, the

See w

Cold handle

Paring Knife

Tack Puller

Brass Curtain R

Two picture hook

Small Fry Pan

Tack Hammer

Tin Comb Case

Egg Whip

Tea Strainer

Corset Clips

12 Safety Pins

Box Talcum Powder

Bottle Machine Oil

12 Bone Collar Buttons

Bottle Mucilage

Large Box Matches

Box Toothpicks

Bottle School Ink

China Easter Eggs

Whisk Broo

Pint Ammon

Nursing Bottle

Toothbrush

Patent Lemon

New Coin Ho

Ice Tongs

Towel Hol

Sad Iron H

Nickeled Te

Lamp Burn

Flour Sifter

Carpenter's

Steak Pound

Screw Driver

Dust Pan



WHAT YOU (K) most when you get "the good glass of pure beer" that braces you up work seem lighter than a feather like Rhinelander trying a case of this delicious beer, you will without it.

TRY OUR MALT TONIC IT BUILDS YOU UP.

RHINELANDER BREWING CO.

L. Emmerling.

FRESH AND SALT MEAT FISH AND GAME.

Orders by Telephone promptly filled. Will deliver to any part of the city

REARDON'S WALL PAPER

SAMPLES FOR 1901 ARE NOW READY.

I have the largest stock of Wall Paper in the Northwest and sell at Factory Prices.

Besides our mammoth stock which includes everything from 5c to 50c per single roll. I carry a line of samples for exclusive work, which comprise everything up-to-date in modern decorating.

Picture Cove, Plate Rail and Bead Moulding

To match every pattern if desired.

J. J. REARDON, Druggist.
RHINELANDER, WIS.

Box Stationery

Just Received all the latest styles and shades. Call and inspect the best assortment in the city.

Ladies Leather Shopping Bags

A Special invoice at very low prices.

BLANK BOOKS OF ALL KINDS.

C. D. BRONSON, Stationer.

CENTRAL
ER SHOP
DUSEL, Proprietor.

J. A. W
VETERINARY

IT IS A MATTER OF HEALTH



There is no substitute

